Tangible Result Driver – Don Hillis, Director of System Management

MoDOT works closely with other safety advocates to make our roads and work zones safer. The department supports educational programs which encourage safe driving practices and enforcement efforts which increase adherence to traffic laws. MoDOT will not compromise safety because it believes in the well-being of its employees and customers.





Number of fatalities and disabling injuries

Result Driver: Don Hillis, Director of System Management **Measurement Driver:** Leanna Depue, Highway Safety Director

Purpose of the Measure:

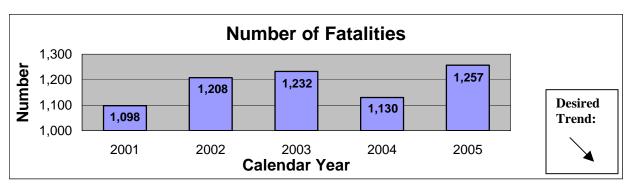
This measure tracks annual trends in fatalities and disabling injuries resulting from Missouri motor vehicle crashes. It will help drive the Missouri Highway Safety Plan, which supports the "Blueprint for Safer Roadways", toward efforts that reduce fatalities and injuries on all Missouri roads.

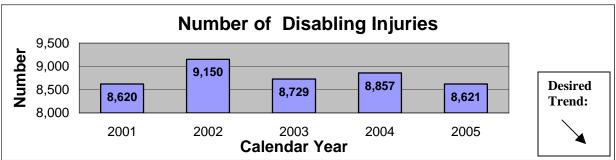
Measurement and Data Collection:

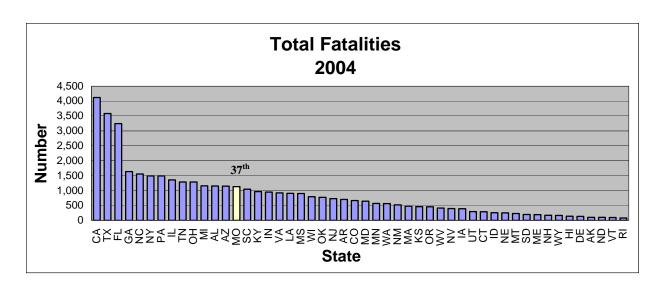
Crash data is collected by the Missouri State Highway Patrol and entered into a traffic accident record system. The record system automatically updates MoDOT's traffic management system. Reports on crash data are available to law enforcement and traffic safety advocates for crash analysis through both databases. Fatality data is not final until each fatal crash has been validated and the investigation is closed. Some crashes occurring in 2005 are under investigation, therefore, final annual data is not available.

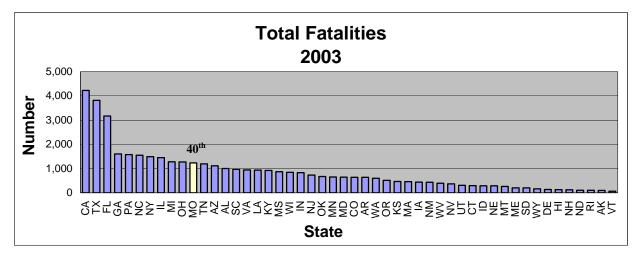
Improvement Status:

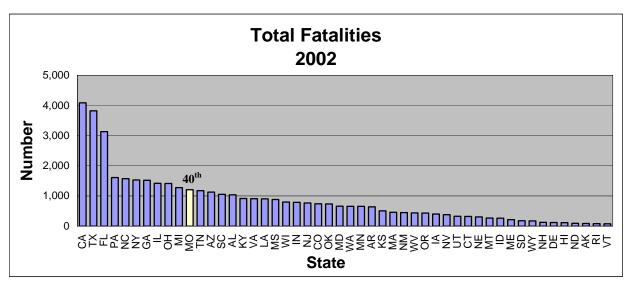
Fatalities increased by 11 percent in 2005 after experiencing a significant decrease from 2003 to 2004. Disabling injuries continue to show a decreasing trend. Missouri has improved its National ranking in the total number of fatalities from 40th in 2003 to 37th in 2004. Fatalities and disabling injuries are higher due to non-use of safety belts, speeding, and impaired driving. Exposure rate increases each year due to more registered vehicles, licensed drivers and the number of miles traveled. Rural crashes on state numbered roadways continue to be a concern. Focusing public information, education and sustained enforcement efforts on specific behavior demonstrated by specific age groups is the best practice. Safety advocates, organizations and agencies across Missouri have joined together to implement Missouri's "Blueprint for Safer Roadways". The Blueprint outlines strategies to reduce fatal and disabling injury crashes on our roadways with a goal of 1,000 or fewer fatalities by 2008. National ranking data for 2005 was not available at the time of print.











Number of impaired driver-related fatalities and disabling injuries

Result Driver: Don Hillis, Director of System Management **Measurement Driver:** Leanna Depue, Highway Safety Director

Purpose of the Measure:

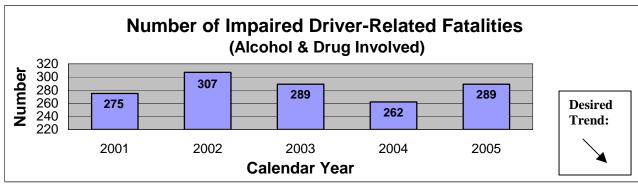
This measure tracks annual trends in fatalities and injuries resulting from motor vehicle crashes involving drivers who are impaired by alcohol and/or drugs. It will help drive the Missouri Highway Safety Plan, which supports the "Blueprint for Safer Roadways", toward efforts that reduce fatalities and injuries on Missouri's roadways.

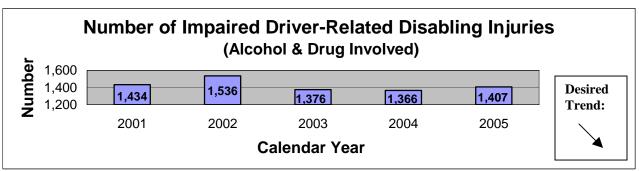
Measurement and Data Collection:

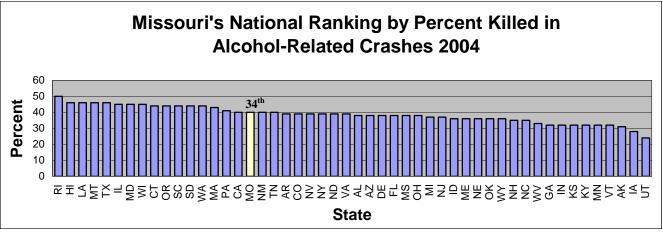
Crash data is collected by the Missouri State Highway Patrol and entered into a traffic accident record system. The record system automatically updates MoDOT's traffic management system. Reports on crash data are available to law enforcement and traffic safety advocates for crash analysis through both databases. Fatality data is not final until each fatal crash has been validated and the investigation is closed. Some crashes occurring in 2005 are under investigation, therefore, final annual data is not available.

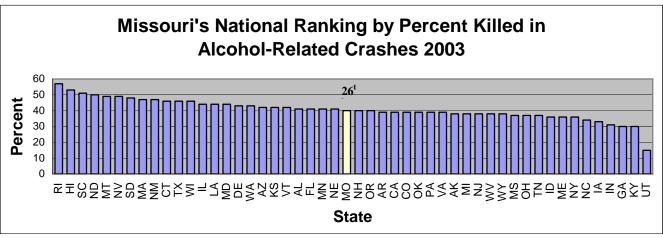
Improvement Status:

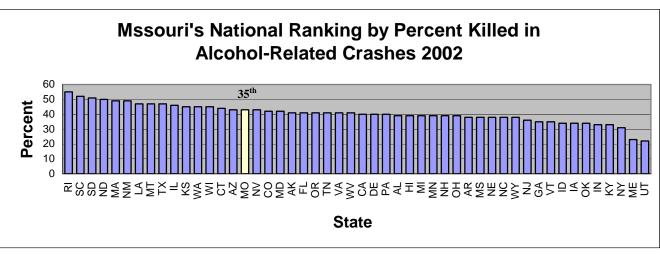
Alcohol- and drug-related fatalities and disabling injuries have decreased since 2002. In the National ranking, Missouri is moving away from the desired downward trend in percent of persons killed in alcohol-related crashes. In addition to Missouri participating in the national "You Drink and Drive, You Lose." campaign, Missouri joined 14 other states with high alcohol-related crashes as a Strategic Evaluation State. Missouri agreed to increase law enforcement activity through June 2006 in areas that represent 65 percent of the states' high alcohol-related crashes. Public information and education has been directed at high-risk drivers between the ages of 21 to 35. Law enforcement efforts have been concentrated on high crash corridors. These efforts have helped reduce impaired driving crashes overall. Impaired driving fatalities have increased slightly from 2004 to 2005. Safety advocates, organizations and agencies across Missouri have joined together to implement Missouri's "Blueprint for Safer Roadways". The Blueprint outlines strategies to reduce fatal and disabling injury crashes on our roadways with a goal of 1,000 or fewer fatalities by 2008. National ranking data for 2005 was not available at the time of print.











Rate of annual fatalities and disabling injuries

Result Driver: Don Hillis, Director of System Management **Measurement Driver:** Leanna Depue, Highway Safety Director

Purpose of the Measure:

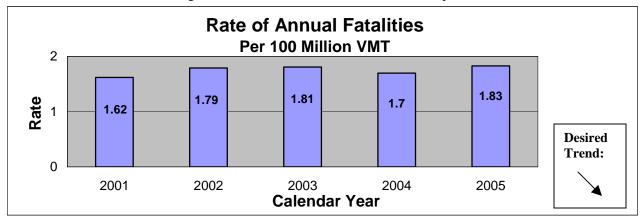
This measure tracks annual trends in fatalities and disabling injury rates per 100 million vehicle miles traveled (HVMT) in Missouri. It will help drive the Missouri Highway Safety Plan, which supports the "Blueprint for Safer Roadways", toward efforts that reduce fatalities and injuries on Missouri's roadways.

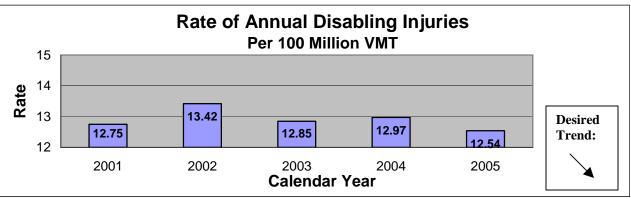
Measurement and Data Collection:

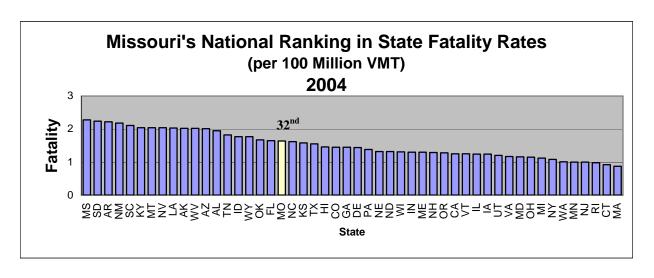
Crash data is collected by the Missouri State Highway Patrol and entered into a traffic accident record system. The record system automatically updates MoDOT's traffic management system. Reports on crash data are available to law enforcement and traffic safety advocates for crash analysis through both databases. Rates cannot be calculated until the Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) is calculated in July of the following year.

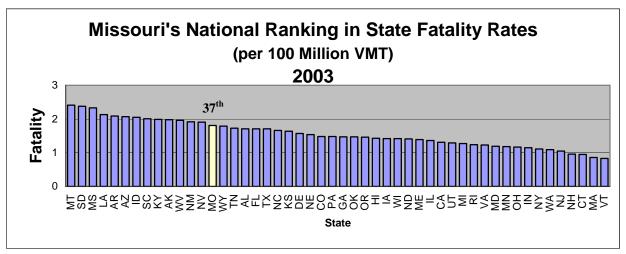
Improvement Status:

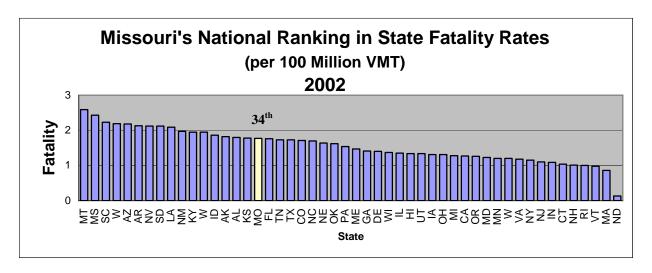
The fatality rate increased to 1.83 in 2005. Based on the National trend, however, Missouri is moving in the desired downward trend from 37th in 2003 to 32nd in 2004. Focused law enforcement efforts, engineering safety enhancements and increased public awareness all contribute to the decrease. Safety advocates, organizations and agencies across Missouri have joined together to implement Missouri's "Blueprint for Safer Roadways". The Blueprint outlines strategies to reduce fatal and disabling injury crashes on our roadways with a goal of 1,000 or fewer fatalities by 2008. Note: Preliminary rate information may change slightly when crash data and VMT are finalized for 2005. National ranking data for 2005 was not available at the time of print.











Percent of safety belt/passenger vehicle restraint use

Result Driver: Don Hillis, Director of System Management **Measurement Driver:** Leanna Depue, Highway Safety Director

Purpose of the Measure:

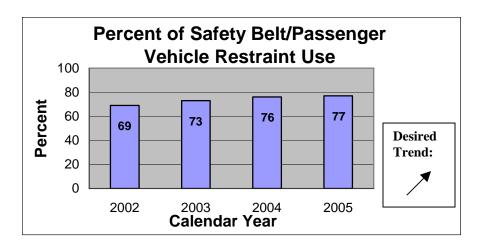
This measure tracks annual trends in safety belt usage by persons in passenger vehicles. This measure will help drive the Missouri Highway Safety Plan, which supports the "Blueprint for Safer Roadways", toward efforts that reduce the number of fatalities and injuries on all Missouri roads.

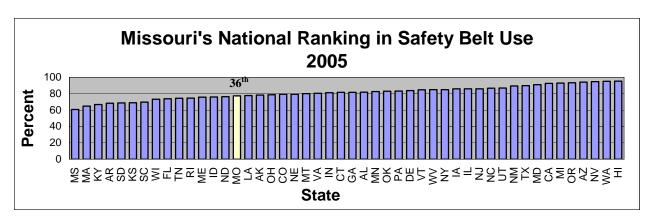
Measurement and Data Collection:

Every June, a statewide survey is conducted at 460 pre-selected locations in 20 counties. The data collected at these sites is calculated into a safety belt usage rate by using a formula approved by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration. The safety belt usage survey enables data collection from locations representative of 85 percent of the state's population. The data collection plan is the same each year for consistency and compliance with the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration guidelines.

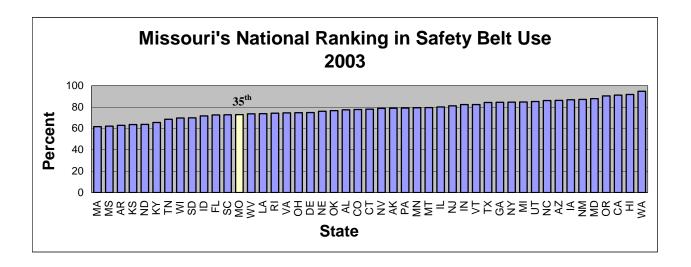
Improvement Status:

Safety belt use in Missouri has increased eight percent in the past four years. In the National comparison, Missouri ranked 36th in safety belt usage as compared to other states. Missouri's eight percent increase from 2002 to 2005 is largely due to increased public awareness and law enforcement participation in the national "Click it or Ticket" campaign. A pilot program, conducted in 2005, focused on teen safety belt usage also proved to be successful in increasing use among teenagers. MoDOT continues to promote the need for a primary seat belt law in Missouri.











Number of bicycle and pedestrian fatalities and disabling injuries

Result Driver: Don Hillis, Director of System Management **Measurement Driver:** Leanna Depue, Highway Safety Director

Purpose of the Measure:

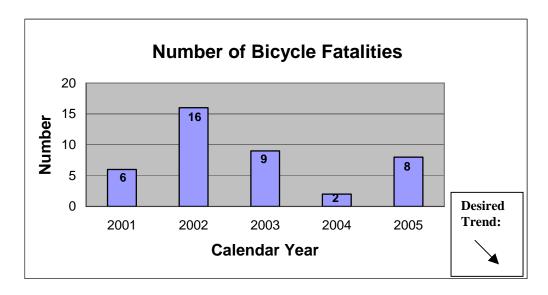
This measure tracks annual trends in fatalities and disabling injuries resulting from motor vehicle crashes with bicycles and pedestrians in Missouri. It will help drive the Missouri Highway Safety Plan, which supports the "Blueprint for Safer Roadways", toward efforts that reduce fatalities and injuries on all Missouri roads.

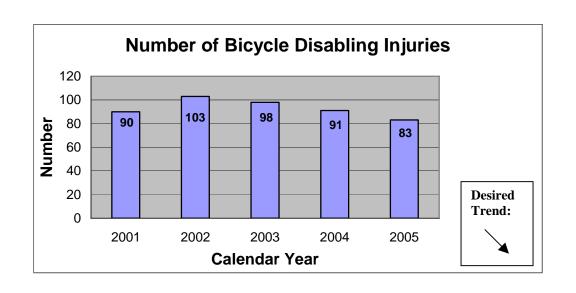
Measurement and Data Collection:

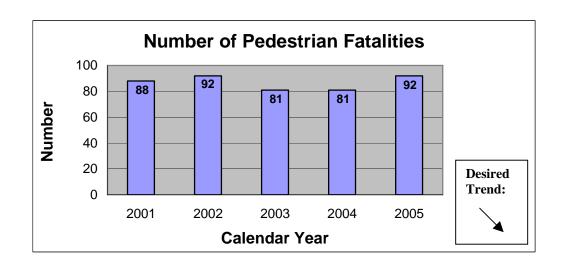
Crash data is collected by the Missouri State Highway Patrol and entered into a traffic accident record system. The record system automatically updates MoDOT's traffic management system. Crash data reports are available to law enforcement and traffic safety advocates for crash analysis through both databases. Fatality data is not final until each fatal crash has been validated and the investigation is closed. Some crashes occurring in 2005 are under investigation, therefore, final annual data is not available.

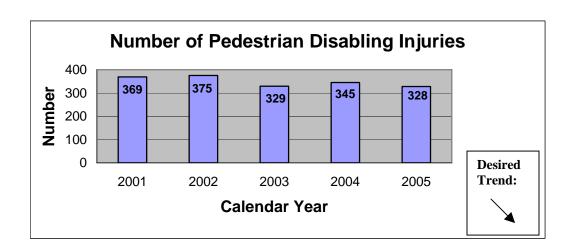
Improvement Status:

This data reflects the number of fatalities and disabling injuries occurring when a motor vehicle is involved in a crash with a bicycle or pedestrian. Pedestrian fatalities and disabling injuries also are on a downward trend due to improved crosswalks and signaling. Safety advocates, organizations and agencies across Missouri have joined together to implement Missouri's "Blueprint for Safer Roadways". The Blueprint outlines strategies to reduce fatal and disabling injury crashes on our roadways with a goal of 1,000 or fewer fatalities by 2008. Funds have been dedicated to the St. Louis and Kansas City regions in support of pedestrian safety under the Blueprint.









Number of motorcycle fatalities and disabling injuries

Result Driver: Don Hillis, Director of System Management **Measurement Driver:** Leanna Depue, Highway Safety Director

Purpose of the Measure:

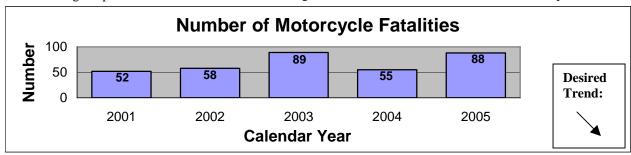
This measure tracks annual trends in fatalities and disabling injuries resulting from motorcycle crashes in Missouri. It will help drive the Missouri Highway Safety Plan, which supports the "Blueprint for Safer Roadways", toward efforts that reduce fatalities and disabling injuries on Missouri's roadways.

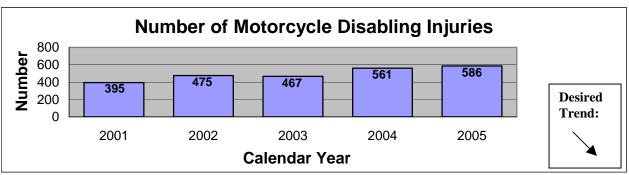
Measurement and Data Collection:

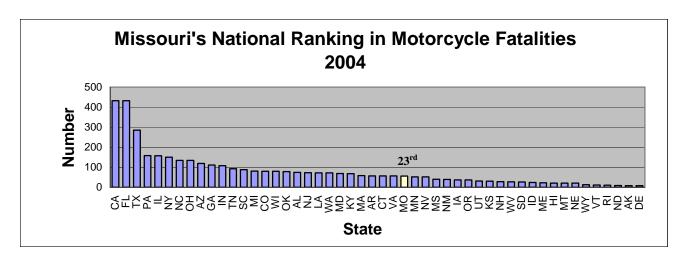
Crash data is collected by the Missouri State Highway Patrol and entered into a traffic accident record system. The record system automatically updates MoDOT's traffic management system. Crash data reports are available to law enforcement and traffic safety advocates for crash analysis through both databases. Fatality data is not final until each fatal crash has been validated and the investigation is closed. Some crashes occurring in 2005 are under investigation, therefore, final annual data is not available.

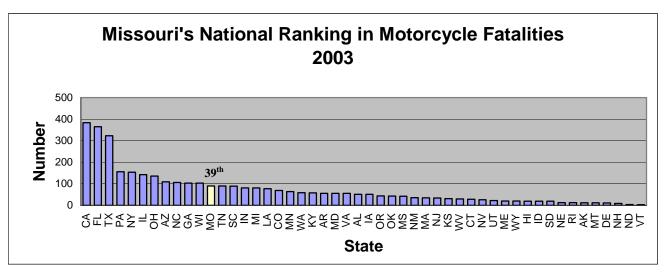
Improvement Status:

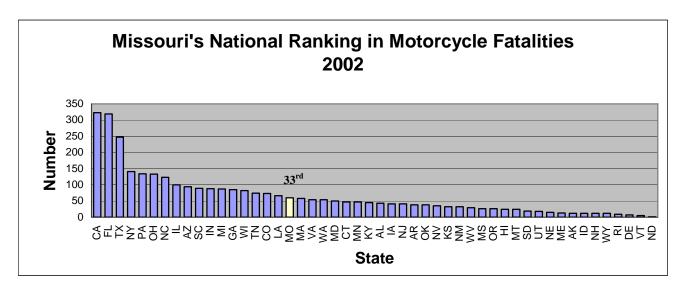
Fatalities and disabling injuries have shown an upward trend over the past four years. Missouri has improved its' National ranking in the total number of motorcycle fatalities from 39th in 2003 to 23rd in 2004. A significant increase in the number of licensed motorcycles and riders has increased the exposure rate. Rider education classes are offered within one hours driving time throughout Missouri. More than 4,000 riders at 28 sites are trained each year. Twenty-four new instructors are also trained each year. Safety advocates, organizations and agencies across Missouri have joined together to implement Missouri's "Blueprint for Safer Roadways". The Blueprint outlines strategies to reduce fatal and disabling injury crashes on our roadways with a goal of 1,000 or fewer fatalities by 2008. A motorcycle subcommittee has been formed and charged with developing a strategic plan further analyzing and addressing the problem in Missouri. National ranking data for 2005 was not available at the time of print.











Number of commercial motor vehicle crashes resulting in fatalities

Result Driver: Don Hillis, Director of Systems Management

Measurement Driver: Charles Gohring, Motor Carrier Services Program Manager

Purpose of the Measure:

This measure tracks the number of commercial motor vehicles involved in fatal crashes each year. MoDOT uses the information to target educational and enforcement efforts.

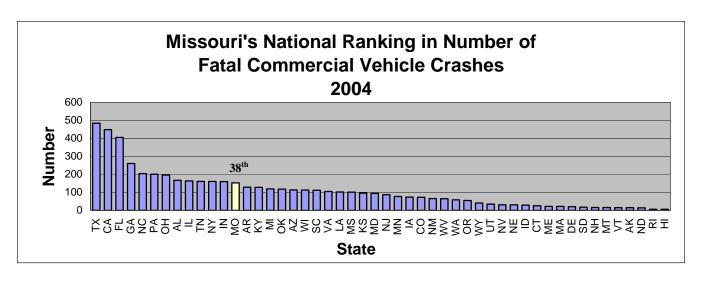
Measurement and Data Collection:

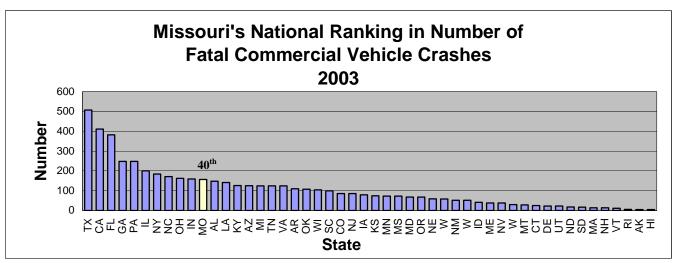
The Missouri State Highway Patrol collects and records the crash statistics used in this measure. The data used in this measure reports the number of commercial motor vehicles involved in a crash where one or more people die within 30 days as a result of the crash.

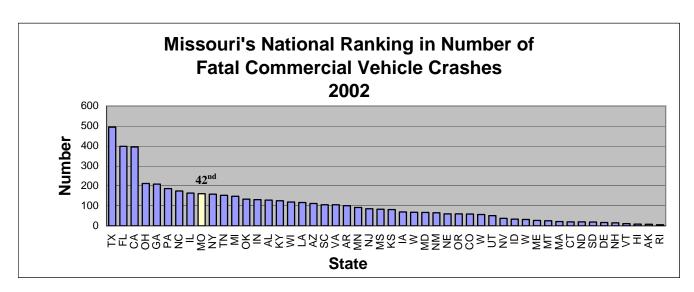
Improvement Status:

Between 2002 and 2004, the number of Missouri commercial motor vehicle fatal crashes slowly dropped from 161 to 153. In 2005, the number increased by 8 to 161. MoDOT continues to coordinate efforts with the Missouri State Highway Patrol, the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration Missouri Division, and the Kansas City and St. Louis police departments. MoDOT efforts include the installation of larger highway signs, highly reflective pavement markings, cable guardrails, roundabout intersections, incident management alert signs, roadside rumble strips, and intelligent transportation systems at scales. MoDOT also conducts training sessions, regulation compliance reviews, safety audits of new motor carrier firms and truck inspections at terminals and destinations. The Missouri State Highway Patrol, St. Louis and Kansas City Police Departments conduct commercial vehicle roadside inspections to remove unsafe drivers and vehicles from the road. Missouri has improved its national ranking in the number of fatality crashes from 42nd in 2002 to 38th in 2004. National ranking data for 2005 has not been made available at this time.









Number of commercial motor vehicle crashes resulting in injuries

Result Driver: Don Hillis, Director of Systems Management

Measurement Driver: Charles Gohring, Motor Carrier Services Program Manager

Purpose of the Measure:

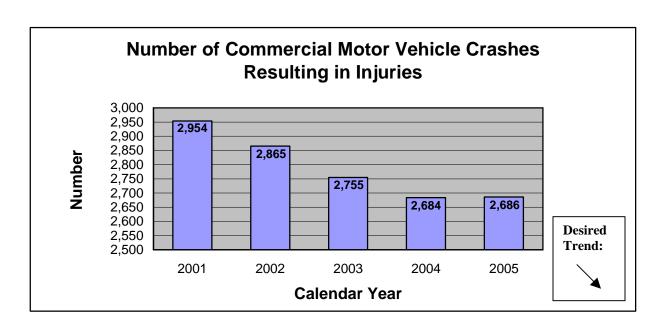
This measure tracks number of commercial motor vehicles involved in injury crashes each year. MoDOT uses the information to target educational and enforcement efforts.

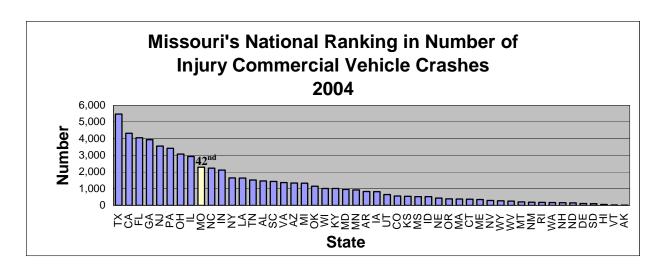
Measurement and Data Collection:

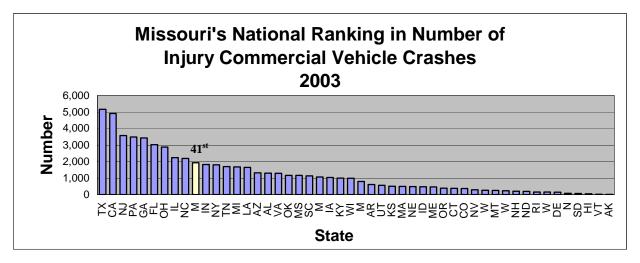
The Missouri State Highway Patrol collects and records crash statistics. The data for this measure reflects the number of commercial motor vehicles involved in crashes where one or more people are injured.

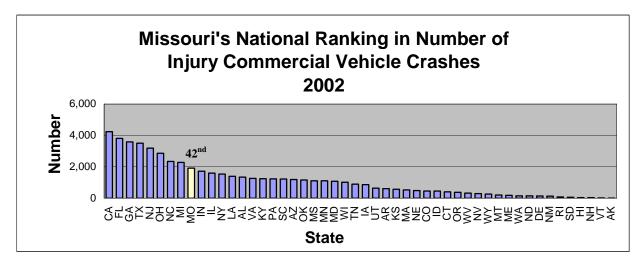
Improvement Status:

Between 2001 and 2004, the overall number of commercial motor vehicle crashes resulting in injuries decreased. In 2005, the trend turned slightly as two more injury crashes than in 2004 occurred. The overall downward trend is due to the coordinated safety efforts of MoDOT, the Missouri State Highway Patrol, the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration Missouri Division, and the Kansas City and St. Louis police departments. MoDOT efforts include the installation of larger highway signs, highly reflective pavement markings, cable guardrails, roundabout intersections, incident management alert signs, rumble stripes, and intelligent transportation systems at scales. MoDOT also conducts training sessions, regulation compliance reviews, safety audits of new motor carrier firms and truck inspections at terminals and destinations. The Missouri State Highway Patrol, St. Louis and Kansas City police departments conduct commercial vehicle roadside inspections to remove unsafe drivers and vehicles from the road. Missouri national ranking in the number of injury crashes is 42nd in 2004. National ranking data for 2005 has not been made available at this time.









Number of fatalities and injuries in work zones

Result Driver: Don Hillis, Director of System Management

Measurement Driver: Scott Stotlemeyer, Technical Support Engineer

Purpose of the Measure:

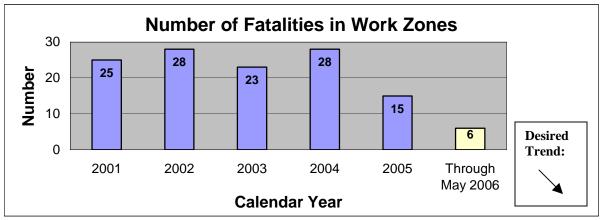
An important factor in evaluating the safety of Missouri's transportation system is determining the safety of work zones located on the state's public roads. This measure tracks the number of injuries and fatalities occurring as a result of a traffic crash in a work zone on any state route.

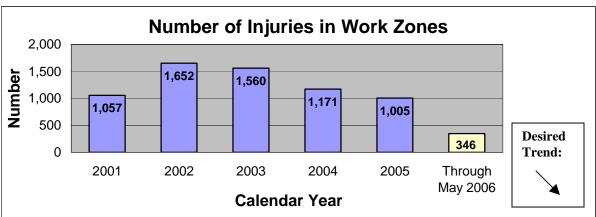
Measurement and Data Collection:

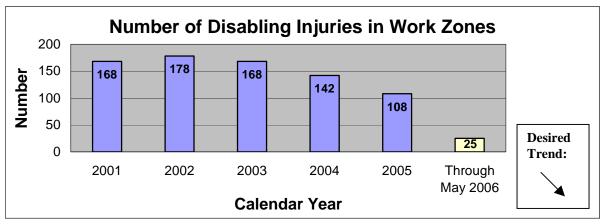
Law enforcement agencies in Missouri are required to report crashes by submitting a standardized vehicle accident report form to the Missouri State Highway Patrol. MSHP personnel enter these reports into a statewide crash database. MoDOT staff looks at this data to identify work zone-related injuries and fatalities.

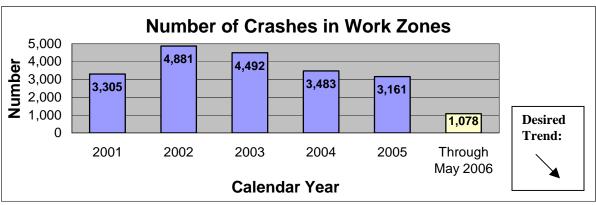
Improvement Status:

Since 2002, when Missouri traffic safety representatives reformatted the accident report form and MSHP conducted extensive training to emphasize work zones, the number of work zone-related crashes, disabling injuries, injuries and fatalities has generally decreased over consecutive years. This reduction, despite increasing traffic demand on the transportation system and a growing state highway construction program, results from the department's proactive approach to raising work zone safety awareness and minimizing impacts on the traveling public.









Number of highway-rail crossing fatalities and collisions

Results Driver: Don Hillis, Director of System Management **Measurement Driver:** Rod Massman, Administrator of Railroads

Purpose of the Measure:

This measure tracks annual trends in fatalities and collisions resulting from train-vehicle crashes at railroad crossings in Missouri. It will help drive the highway safety plan, which supports the Blueprint for Roadway Safety, in efforts that reduce the number of fatalities, collisions and injuries at Missouri's public highway-rail crossings.

Measurement and Data Collection:

MoDOT collects crash data and enters it into a railroad safety information system used to update MoDOT's traffic management system. This does not include fatalities from those trespassing on railroad property at areas other than at railroad crossings, which are tabulated separately. Missouri is then ranked in a chart with all other states using data from the Federal Railroad Administration that consists of the numbers of collisions and fatalities in each state.

Improvement Status:

MoDOT continues to coordinate its railroad crossing projects in the areas of greatest need using a safety exposure index, in addition to focusing on crossings with a history of accidents or limited sight distance. By agreeing with the railroads to look at a defined area, called a corridor, and sharing financial responsibilities for improvements, limited funds can be spread over a wider area. This increases the number of overall projects completed in specific areas of the state.

Other improvements include an increased emphasis on and MoDOT employee participation in public outreach presentations on rail safety in conjunction with Operation Lifesaver, Inc. Another improvement is the exploration of partnerships with other units of government such as state agencies, cities and school districts to upgrade flasher-only crossings to crossings with both lights and gates. There are explorations of other partnerships where state and federal funds alone would not be enough to complete the projects. There is also a renewed emphasis on closing redundant or unnecessary crossings.

So far in 2006, there have been fewer fatalities and collisions than in calendar year 2005. Compared with 2005, fatalities to date are down by 50 percent; however, collisions are about even with last year. MoDOT was recently granted increased funding for the next federal fiscal year (beginning Oct. 1, 2006) to increase MoDOT's and Operation Lifesaver's rail/highway safety efforts.

